















Hydrogen supply vs demand development What's the way forward?

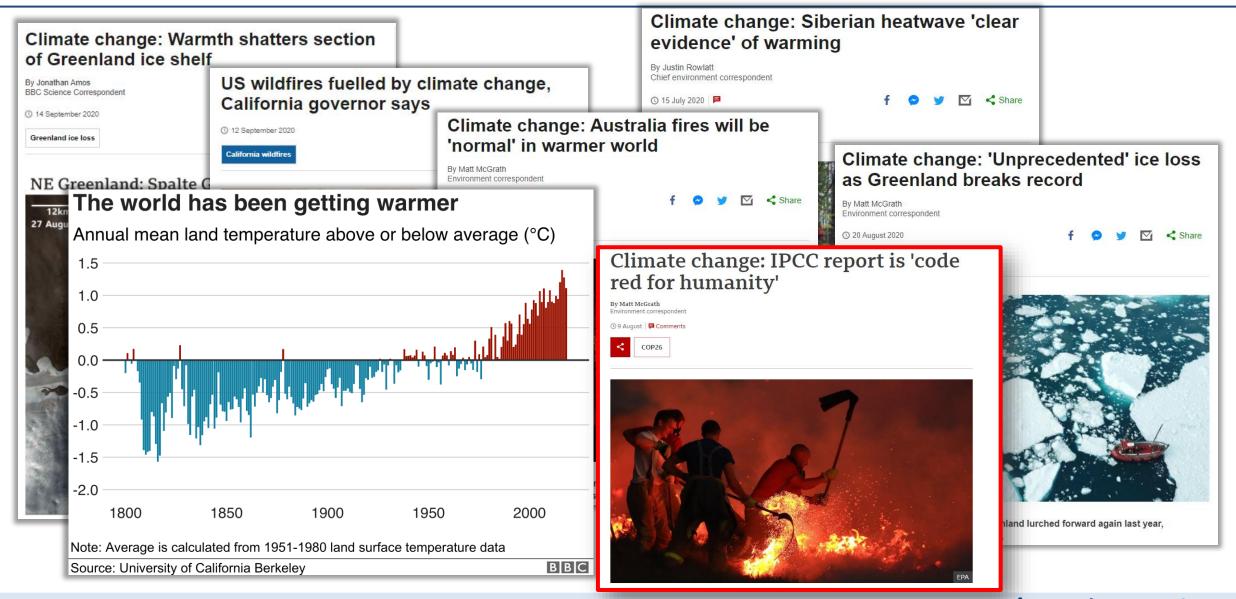
UK Nordic Baltic Hydrogen Conference

10th February 2022

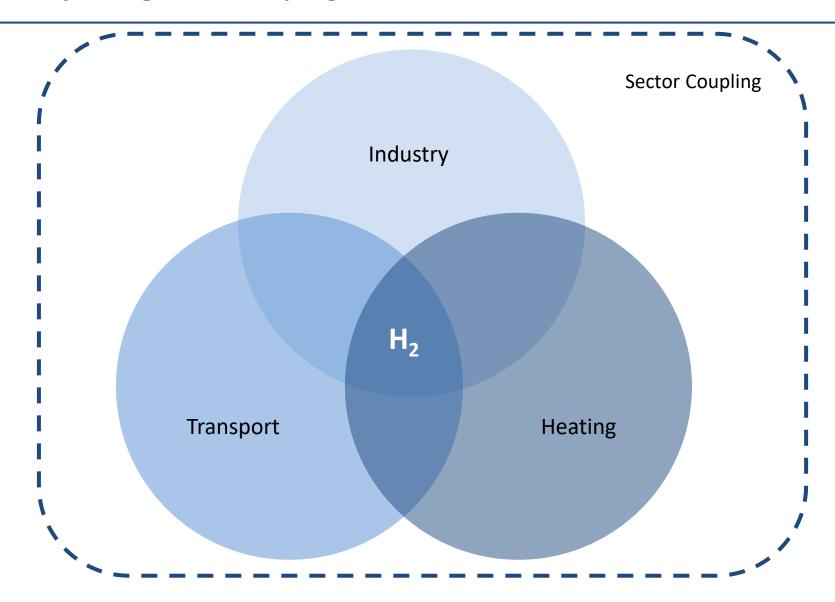


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The need for deep decarbonisation has never been more evident or urgent than right now...



Hydrogen may be used as a clean energy vector to decarbonise hard-to-reach sectors, and further increase efficiency through *sector coupling...*



Hydrogen has many uses as part of a net zero energy future

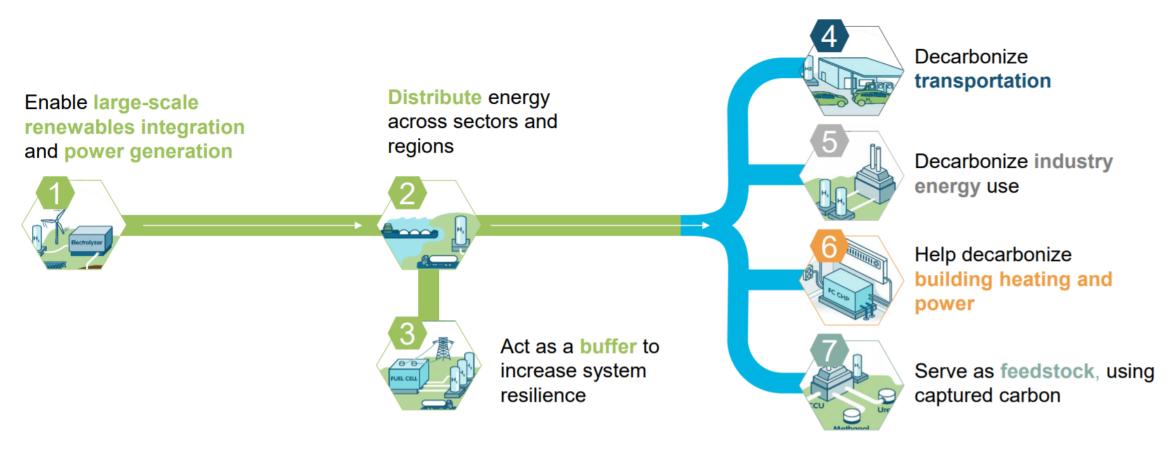


Image source: Roadmap towards a hydrogen economy, Hydrogen Council, 2017*

Synchronising the roll-out of hydrogen technologies is challenging during the early years – all three aspects are needed for a successful hydrogen economy

Deployment at scale

Economies of scale required to reduce costs.

Full value chain required.

Sector coupling leveraged to maximise scale – requires participation of multiple industries.

Coordinated geographic roll-out

Policy support must be available across Europe.

Large-scale vehicle refuelling infrastructure.

Hydrogen import from countries with low-cost renewables.



Hydrogen economy



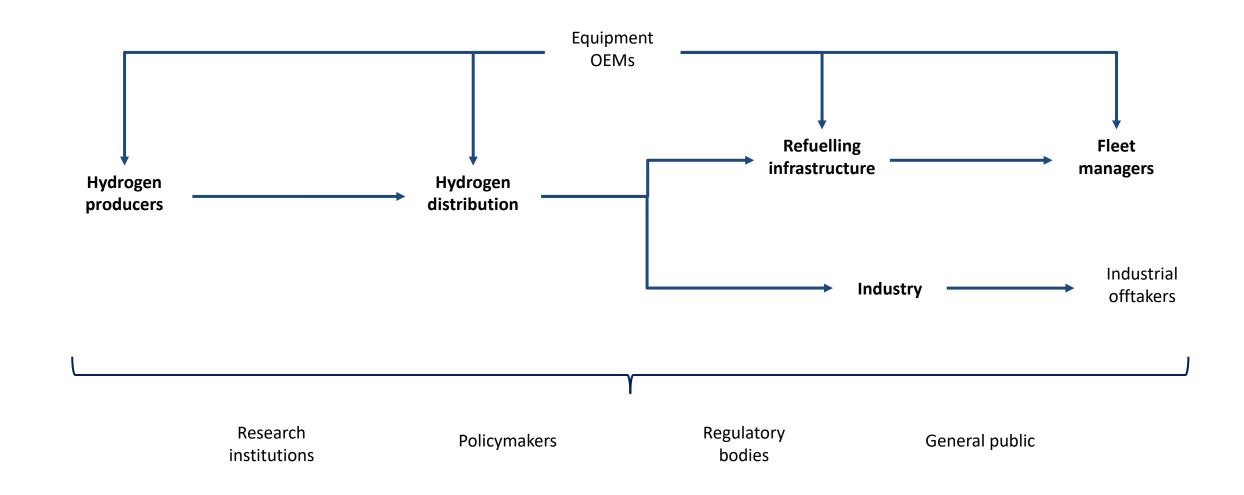


Development of the required technology

Improved performance of equipment.

Understanding real-world performance and end user preferences.

Early hydrogen projects involve a large number of stakeholders, with some playing a key role in the development of the project



Hydrogen supply and demand sources need to work together to coordinate on timing, geographies, and scale...

	Hydrogen suppliers	Hydrogen demand sources	Challenges
Scale	Larger-scale production leads to low cost hydrogen	Large-variation in demand scale	 Insufficient scale leads to high cost hydrogen Scale of production should be matched to demand
Location	Siting near a source of low- cost renewable power	Existing industrial sites Vehicles can operate in limited regions (buses) or across Europe (trucks)	 Transporting hydrogen long distances can add to cost Insufficient refuelling infrastructure range will put off fleet operators
Timing	2+ years required for infrastructure development	1+ year for vehicle delivery 2+ years for industry switching	 Supply and demand must come into operation simultaneously Commitments ahead of time Urgent need to decarbonise

Multiple end users can work together to create a large-scale, high value demand source





Industrial end use

- High hydrogen demand
- Demand certainty through time
- Long offtake agreements possible
 - ⇒ Industry can create a large-scale secured demand, but...
- Low hydrogen costs required to compete with fossilhydrogen

Transport end user

- Low hydrogen volumes (in early stages)
- Demand fluctuates and is uncertain
 - ⇒ Early stage transport projects make large-scale hydrogen production difficult to justify, but...
- Higher hydrogen price can be achieved for parity with road fuels



H2Accelerate

Accelerating the uptake of green hydrogen for trucking













Hydrogen infrastructure players

Commit to investing in production equipment and refueling infrastructure at scale

Truck manufacturers

Commit to investing in scaling up production to achieve series manufacturing during the 2020s



The central objective of the H2Accelerate collaboration is to create the conditions for the mass-market roll-out of hydrogen trucks in Europe.

H2Accelerate collaborative activities:

o Encourage supportive policy



- Create a robust evidence base to justify policy intervention
- o Targeted outreach to policymakers at a European and member state level

Inform customers, investors
 and the general public



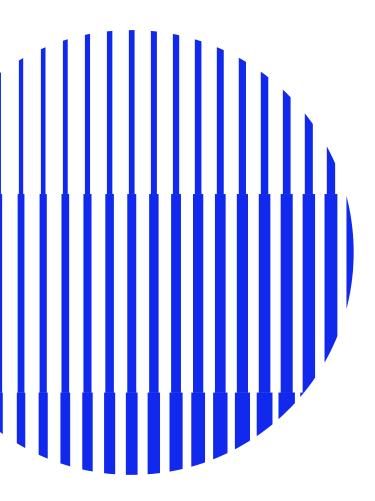
- o Develop a public vision for hydrogen truck roll-out
- Communication on the viability of hydrogen trucking

Funding acquisition



- o Identification of suitable funding programs
- Joint funding applications to obtain capital funding to support early roll-out and market initiation activities





Deployment will take place in progressive phases

- Green hydrogen produced through electrolysis with renewable electricity will power the vehicles.
- High capacity hydrogen refuelling stations deployed in strategic locations, with fast fuelling (under 15 minutes) and ultra-high reliability.
- Truck numbers will increase and the refuelling network will expand along TEN-T corridors over three phases:
 - Phase 1: R&D and deployment hundreds of trucks and tens of high-capacity refuelling stations deployed in regional clusters.
 - Phase 2: Industrial scale up increasing scales of deployment to thousands of trucks, with refuelling network expansion along TEN-T corridors.
 - Phase 3: Sustainable growth tens of thousands of trucks are on the road,
 with hundreds of refuelling stations supplying them.
- The success of these phases will lead to the full industrialisation of the fuel cell truck market post-2030.



H2Accelerate members aim to build a pan-European refuelling network

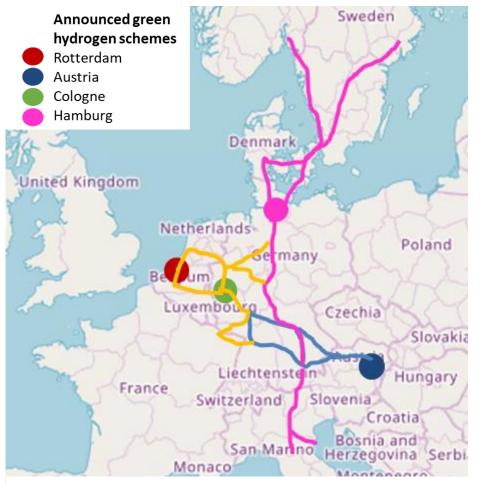




Illustration of a potential hydrogen station network roll-out to cover an increasing length of European roads.

A hydrogen station network roll-out may start in corridors linked to the manufacturing centers of H2A OEMs.

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Phase 1 Phase 2/3

Any questions?



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